MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

CCR CERTIFICATION FORM CALENDAR YEAR 2012

RECEIVED - WATER SUPPEY

2013 MAY 24 PM 1: 16

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		1	ublic Water Supply Name						
			0510004						
			PWS ID # ('s):						
report deliver follow fax a l	(CCR) to its custored to the custome the proper procedured copy of the	omers each year. Depending on the rs, published in a newspaper of larger when distributing the CCR.	munity public water system to develop and distribute a consumer confidence e population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed or ocal circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you Since this is the first year of electronic delivery, we request you mail or MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply. Consumer Confidence Report						
g	Customers were	e informed of availability of CC	R by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill, or other)						
	8 000	<u> </u>							
	Date customers	were informed:/	/						
	CCR was distri	buted by U.S. Postal Service or o	ther direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used						
	Date n	nailed/distributed:/							
	CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR and proof of publication) Name of Newspaper: The Newton County Appeal Date Published: MCU / 27 / 2013								
	CCR was poste	d in public places. (Attach list o	locations) Date posted: / /						
	CCR was poste	d on a publicly accessible interne	t site at the address:(DIRECT URL REQUIRED):						
<u>CERT</u>	IFICATION:								
the for include officia	m and manner ide ed in this CCR is t ls by the Mississip	ntified above and that I used distributed above and that I used distributed and correct and is consistent opi State Department of Health, I	ort (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in ribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system sureau of Public Water Supply.						
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Name/	Title (President, N	ent, Mayer, Owner, etc.) 5-22 " 13 Date							
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Signat	1840 B0 ure	J	5-6-13 Date						
	er or send via (au of Public W	U. S. Postal Service: ater Supply	May be faxed to: (601) 576-7800						

May be emailed to:

Melanie. Yanklowski@msdh.state.ms.us

P O Box 1700

Jackson, MS 39215

RECEIVED-WATER SUPPLY
2013 MAY 30 AM 10: 57

Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Town of Decatur PWS ID #0510004 May, 2013 CORRECTED COPY

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source consists of wells that draw from the Lower and Meridian Upper Wilcox Aquifers.

A source water assessment has been completed for the Town of Decatur's water supply to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water to identify potential sources of contamination. The water supply for the Town of Decatur received a lower susceptibility ranking to contamination.

We're pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact David Anderson at 601-604-5446. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Tuesday of each month at Decatur Town Hall at 6:00 p.m.

The Town of Decatur routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2012. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

				TEST RE	ESULTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contam	inants						
10, Barium	N	2010*	.05	No Range	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2010*	.8	No Range	Ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2009 to 2011*	0.2	None	ppm	1.3	AL-1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	2009 to 2011*	1	None	ppb	0	AL - 15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; crosion of natural deposits
Disinfecta	ints & D	isinfection	n By-Pro	ducts				<u> </u>
Chlorine (as Cl2)	N	1/1/12 to 12/31/12	0.80	0.80 to 0.80	ppm	4	4	Water additive used to control microbes

^{*} Most recent sample results available

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES

<u>During a sanitary survey conducted on 1/31/12, the Mississippi State Department of Health cited to following significant deficiency(s):</u>

- 1) Well near source of fecal contamination (ex. Septic system, sewer lines)
- 2)Lack of redundant mechanical components where treatment is resquired.

Corrective Actions:

- 1) The system has abandoned the well through the MSDH well abandonment program and is awaiting the final paperwork. It is anticipated we will be returned to compliance by June 1, 2013.
- 2) The system has installed another chlorine system and is awaiting the final paperwork from MSDH. It is anticipated we will be returned to compliance by June 1, 2013.

*****APRIL 1, 2013 MESSAGE FROM MSDH CONCERNING RADIOLOGICAL SAMPLING*****

In accordance with the Radionuclides Rule, all community public water supplies were required to sample quarterly for radionuclides beginning January 2007 - December 2007. Your public water supply completed sampling by the scheduled deadline; however, during an audit of the Mississippi State Department of Health Radiological Health Laboratory, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) suspended analyses and reporting of radiological compliance samples and results until further notice. Although this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, MSDH was required to issue a violation. This is to notify you that as of this date, your water system has completed the monitoring requirements and is now in compliance with the Radionuclides Rules. If you have any questions, please contact Karen Walters, Director of Compliance and Enforcement, Bureau of Public Water Supply, at 601-576-7518.

Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The Town of Decatur is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available

from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

This report being published in the newspaper will not be mailed. Please call our office if you would like a copy or have questions.

Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Town of Decatur PWS#0510004 May, 2013

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